Terms of Subscription. Wenkly, one year, invariably in advance, ...... \$2 50

2 Any person sending us five NEW subscrib ers, accomith the advance subscription, (\$12 50,) will receive copy gratis for one year. subscribing for this paper since the 29th of 1857, will have their papers discontinued on expithe time paid for. All former subscribers can der this rule, if they desire to do so.

Wilmington Journal. VOL. 18. CONFEDERATE STATES OF AMERICA-WILMINGTON, N. C., THURSDAY MORNING, AUGUST 29, 1861. NO. 1.

### Professional and Business Cards.

WILLIAM BUGART, HITECT AND SUPERINTENDENT, Goldsbero', furnish Designs and Specifications for Public and Building, with full practical working Drawings, shall combine constructional solidity, convenience of ement, and beauty of form and color, with economy. craish those intending to build, with a knowledge of ppearance, arrangement, and cost of all improvements may wish to make. filee third door South of Griswold's Hotel.

CLARK & TURLING PON. TOMMISSION AND FORWARLING MERCHANTS, & dealers in Lune, Plaster, Cement and Hair, NORTH WATER STREET, WILMINGTON, N. C. Folicits consignments of Cotton, Naval Stores, Flour, Corn, Bacon, Tumber, &c.

H. H. Bavage, Cashier Bank Caps Fear, Wilmington, N. C. ohn Dawson, Pres't Wil. Branch Bank of N C., do. do. W. H. Jones, Cashier Branch Bank Cape Fear, Raleigh, do. C. B. ROBINSON & CO.,

REFER TO

COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS. WILMINGTON, N. C. Office over J. A. Willard's Store. Entrance corner of cast steel. | Variation allowed, mcre ringess and Water Streets. March 9, 1860 .- 158 & 29.

ALEX. OLDHAM. IMMES STUKLEY. STORLEY & OLDHAM. CABALERS IN GRAIN, AND COMMISSION MER-WILMINGTON, N. C.

groupt attention given to the sale of Cotton, Flour, Bam and other Country Produce.

WALKER MEARES. BUGGIST AND APOTHECARY, No. 45 MARKET STREET. stock of Medicines, Paints, Oils, Window Glass,

shes, Paint Brusees, Toilet Boaps, Fancy Articles, is Garden Seeds, &c., &c., constantly on hand. attention of Physicians is especially called to the a of Medicines, which are warranted as being pure. L. B. HUGGINS & SONS,

ESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN GROCERrket and Second Streets. WILMINGTON, N. C. Orders from our friends will receive prompt attention.

May 31, 1860. C. POLVOGT, TIPHOLSTERER AND PAPER HANGER. CORNER PRINCESS AND FRONT STREETS.

WILMINGTON, N. C. always on hand and manufactures to order any arthe UPHOLSTERING LINE; also, a large assort-PAPER HANGINGS, which are put up at short WILLIAM J. PRICE,

WILMINGTON, N. C. its the patronage of his country friends, and all oth es engaged in the Turpentine business. 53 Office opposite No. 47, North Water street.

EDWIN A. KEITH, TOMMISSION MERCHANT,

a life services to rianters as Factor or Agent for the ( Cotton; will give his personal attention to the sale Commission for selling Cotton will be 50 cents per no additional charge will be made. Cotton forwarded New York for 10 cents per bale.

SMITH & McLAURIN, COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS. WILMINGTON, N. C. P. Hall, Esq., President Branch Bank State N. C.

THOMAS W. PLAYER, NSPECTOR OF NAVAL STORES. #3" Office in M. McInnis' Store, North Water Street.

september 20, 1860-4-1v JAMES O. BOWDEN, NSPECTOR OF NAVAL STORES, April 4, 1859, \_\_[31-tf.

ALFRED ALDERMAN, PEUTOR OF NAVAL STORES,

give prompt attention to all business in his line. 25-1y

THOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGIST, and Dealer in JOSEPH L. KEEN,

OR AND BUILDER, respectfully informs the e that he is prepared to take contracts in his line He keeps constantly on hand, LIME, CRMENT, M. PLASTERING HAIR, Philadelphia Press Brick, FIRE B. To Distillers of Turpentine,-he is prepared to put

May 20-37-1y. W. H. MCRARY & CO., ISSION MERCHANTS, corner Princess and Water Wilcox, Wilmington, N. C. REFERENCES

. R. Savage, Cashier Bank Cape Fear, Wilmington, N. C. ohn McRae, Pres't Bank Wilmington, do. Davis, C. shier Branch B'k Cape Fear, Salisbury, do. Lash, ... ... ... Salem, do. Gregg, President of Bank Cheraw, S. C. [Oct 17] GEO. W. ROSE,

TARPENTER AND CONTRACTOR, ROCK SPRING HOTEL. MARY S. McCALEB, PROPRIETRESS.

OLD STAND SUBSCRIBER takes this method of returning more thanks to her numerous friends for the al patronage her house has received for the past s, and would respectfully inform the public that pared to accommodate Boarders-either Transient on the most liberal terms. se being situated on the South side of Chestnut

low Front, is in a convenient location to business. lile will at all times be found amply provided with the market affords. Her rooms are kept in the best manner, rendering every comfort and convenience atmuance of public patronage is respectfully solicit-MARY S. McCALEB.

HAINGTON FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP, MONT STREET, (BELOW MARKET STREET,) Wilmington, N. C. A. HART & JOHN C. BAILEY, PROPRIETORS. ASS AND IRON CASTINGS, faished or unfinished new Machinery made and put up; old Machinery over-

d; all kinds of Patterns, Ornamental and Architectu will supply Drafts of all kinds of Machinery and Mil all work warranted to be as represented. Orders retfully solicited. Also Turpentine Stills and Copper Work in all its branches. ovembe 1 1th, 1859 -11-1y.

# Rewards.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

YEW HANGVER COUNTY. intelligence under oath of G. W. Moore. ath this day reached the undersigned, that JIM, a property of G. W. Moore, hath run away and lies and lurking in swamps, woods, and other obscure a, committing depredations on the peaceful inhabitants State. These are in the name of the State of North ma, to require him, the said slave, forthwith to surrencell to his master or the lawful authority ; -and we v order this proclamation to be published at the House door, and in some public newspaper, and warn slave that if he do not immediately return to his ster, and answer the charges aforesaid, it is lawful any person to capture him, by slaying him or otherwise, out accusation or impeachment of any crime. wen under our hands and seals, this 24th day of June, JAS. GARRASON, J. P. [SEAL.] WM. J. CORNWALL, J. P. [SEAL.]

TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS REWARD. HE ABOVE REWARD will be given for the said JIM dead or alive, or for his confinement in any jail in the so that I can get him again. The said JIM is about inches high, is well-set, and weighs about 180 lbs., purchased from the estate of T. H. Williams, deceased. G. W. MOORE.

June 27th, 1861 44-tf A REWARD OF TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS each, will be given the apprehension and delivery of my two boys, OMON and ESSEC. SOLOMON is dark, full r, thick lips, has a scar on his left hand between and finger-his height about five feet, ten or hes EsseC is about five feet, five or seven inches ellow skin, has a scar between the right eye and eye caused by the bite of a dog, very heavy set.

J. J D. LUCAS. June 13th, 1861

#### General Notices.

THE CO-PARTNERSH P previously existing between the confidently recommend as being simpler in construction, and been approved by the President. The vote on its passage we understand to have been unanimous, both by States for, shall be executed by said collector, and such said shall be debted to said firm are requested to come forward and set- order than any Wheel now in use or heretofore offered to tle their accounts either by note or cash, as we are anxious the public. to close our business. ALFRED SMITH, Angust 1st, 1861 JOHN S. DUNHAM.

FURTHER NOTICE. THE UNDERSIGNED will continue the Mercantile Busi- avoided. ness at the old stand. Persons wishing to purchase Goods cheap, will please call and examine for themselves. ALFRED SMITH.

August 1st, 1861 TO RIFLE MAKERS WITHIN THE STATE.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT, ) RALEIGH, August 10, 1861. Proposals are invited until 12 M. on Wednesday 4th Sep tember next, for the fabrication and delivery at the Ordnance Depot in this city-where samples may be seen-of (5000) five thousand Percussion | ifles of the following dimensions to wit:

BARREL [ Diameter of the bore Diameter at the muzz'e steel pre- | Diameter at breech, between the flats. ferred. Length without the breech screw, RAMROD-steel-length

ARM COMPLETE-length IMPLEMENTS: screw driver, with cone wrench; wiper, ball screw, spring vice, bullet mould. To be subject to inspection before reception. Proposals will state the number that will be delivered weekly, and the the earliest day of the first delivery. Sufficient security for the faithful performance of contract will accompany proposals, which will be addressed to the "Officer Commanding Ordinance Depot, Raleigh, N. C." and endorsed "Proposals for furnishing percussion Rifles." JAS. A. J. BRADFORD,

Colonel and Chief of Ordnance. August 10, 1861. NOTICE.

THE SUPPLY MILL, Brunswick Co., N. C., is now in peration, at which can be obtained any of the following Lumber, viz: Pine, Cypress, Juniper, Oak, Ash and Hickory. Orders for any of the above can be filled and sent IES AND GENERAL MERCHANDISE, S. E. Corner | to any point desired, from Florida to Baltimore, or else where, if necessary. JNO. MERCER. Dec. 22, 1859.

### For Sale and to Let.

VALUABLE STOCK FARM BLOODED STOCK

WISH TO SELL A FINE STOCK FARM, near Asheville, in Buncombe county, North Carolina, with the live stock upon it; consisting of a HERD OF EXCELLENT CATTLE,

AYERSHIRES, And Grades of Ayershire, Devon and Short-Horn. Several Brood Mares, Several fine Jennets,

IMPORTED JACK. These will be sold either with or without the FARM. And unless previously sold at private sale, will be sold at public auction on the premises, on FRIDAY, the 20th OF SEPTEMBER NEXT.

I wish a small proportion of the pay in hand; the remainder at the end of the war. As I am a volunteer for "during the war," in my absence I. B. SAWYER, Esq., of Asheville, will represent me. J. W. WOODFIN. 284-1td-3tw.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE FOR SALE. THE SUBSCRIBER offers his residence in the town of Magnolia for sale. The lot fronts the W. & Weldon Railroad, and contains a large, commodious and comfortable dwelling, having seven large rooms, passage above and below-double piazza in front and single piazza in rear-four fire places, &c. Also an excellent office with two rooms and chimney,-kitchen, smoke-house, stables, barn and carriage house-everything in perfect repair. The location posseses many advantages for a physician or lawyer.
Terms made easy. For further information apply to the subscriber in Magnolia, or P. Murphy, M. London, or Eli the Confederate States to aid the people and government of the Confederate States to aid the confed Hall. Esqrs. The subscriber also has an excellent riding the said State in resisting such invasion and in securing the whose duty it shall be to cause an assessment to be made, than the said State in resisting such invasion and in securing the means and opportunity of expressing their will upon all on or before the first day of November next, of all the tax-161-11t&30-tf

VALUABLE SWAMP LANDS FOR SALE. THE SUBSCRIBER having determined to go South, offers for sale his entire possession of LANDS in New Hanover county, 30 miles from Wilmington, and one mile from the Cape Fear River, in Caintuck District, there being about 360 acres in all, of which 35 acres are drained and cleared, and in a fine state of cultivation—there being about 360 acres are drained and cleared, and in a fine state of cultivation—there being about 360 acres are of cultivation—there being about 360 acres in all, of which 35 acres are drained and cleared, and in a fine state of cultivation—there being about 360 acres in all, of which 35 acres are drained and empowered, at his discretion, to shall be made in such manner as may be required by the Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Window Glass, Garden Seeds, about 200 acres more to clear, all heavy growth Swamp ry, Patent Medicines, &c. &c., corner of Front and Land, being a portion of the well-known JUNIPER AND menediately opposite Snaw's old stand Wilming- BEAR SWAMPS, and the balance UPLAND. The Swamp may volunteer to serve in the army of the Confederate the authority of the respective tates; and the said asses is well adapted to the production of Corn, Peas. Potatoes and Rice. On the Plantation is a very good DWELLING HOUSE nearly new, and all necessary out-houses, and a good Well of Water. The place is pleasantly located, and as healthy as any in the State. Also, another tract immediately on the Cape Fear River, containing 152 acres, about and, when mustered into service, said companies, battalous of the respective states; and the said asses States, subject to the rules and regulations of said army, and in accordance with the laws of Congress; and said troops the premises for the purposes required by this act.

SEC 6 If any person shall not be prepared to exhibit a regiments, with their officers elected by the troops, and the officers so elected shall be commissioned by the President, and, when mustered into service, said companies, battalous of the advantagement, the said asses states, subject to the rules and regulations of said army, and in accordance with the laws of Congress; and said troops the premises for the purposes required by this act.

SEC 6 If any person shall not be prepared to exhibit a regiments, with their officers elected by the President, and, when mustered into service and shall consent to disclose the particular of the disclose the premises for the purpose. which can, with little labor, be turned into money. Any person wishing to settle himself on as valuable and pleasantly located a place as any in this country—in a good neighborhood—would do well to call soon, as I am sure the place is too well known to remain on hand long. Apply to the formed; and all vacancies that may occur among the complete organization into respect their organization into respect to complete their organization into respect to the organization of the regiments of subscriber on the premises, or address Arthur Bourdeaux, missioned officers of troops mustered into service under this lars, to be recovered in any court or competent jurisdic act shall be filled in the manner provided in the act entitled tion. ARTHUR BOURDEAUX. April 19, 1860.-34-tf

## Legal Notices.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA. BLADEN COUNTY .- Court of Equity-Spring Term, 1.61. James Evans, Benjamin Evans and William Evans, against

Geo. Cromartie, John Cromartie, Sr., John Cromartie, Jr. Sarah Cromartie, Margaret Cromartie, Hope W. Purnell

are non-residents of this State. It is therefore ordered that publication be made for six weeks in the Wilmington Jour-fully and completely as other States now composing the manual state in which instruct is studied, a correct and the principal sum of all money belonging to any person other are non-residents of this State. It is therefore ordered that shall be thereby extended over said State of Missouri as accurate list of all the assessments made upon and person of the debtor, as the same stands on the first day of October. nal, a paper published in the town of Wilmington, notifying same.

The term "cattle, horses and mules" is intended to include lustration may be found in the complete and systematic chief collector shall collate the same in proper form and all such as pro the County of Blader, at the Court House in Elizabethtown, | the Chief Magistrate to be the legally elected and regularly on the first Monday after the fourth Monday in September | constituted government of the people and State of Missouri; next, then and there to answer, plead or demur, or the case and that the President of the Confederate States be, and he

Witness, Heman H. Robinson, Clerk and Master in Fquiy, at office in Elizabethtown, Bladen County, the first Monday after the fourth Monday in March, A. D., 1861. H. H. ROBINSON, C. & M. E. August 15th, 1861. [Pr. adv. \$8 43.]

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE, THE UNDERSIGNED have entered into Co-Partnership in the town of Wilmington, N. C., under the firm and style of SOUTHERLAND & COLEMAN, for the purpose of buying and selling NEGRO SLAVES, where the highest cash prices will be paid. They also have a house in Mobile, Alabama, where they will receive and sell Slaves on commission. Liberal advances made upon Slaves left with them for sale. D. J. SOUTHERLAND. JAMES C. COLEMAN,

August 1st, 1569.

wholesale and retail, by

Oct. 2-5-tf

PLOUGH FACTORY. R. HOOD having moved to Goldsboro', and located R. HOOD having moved to Goldsboro', and located there, respectfully informs the citizens of Wayne and the adjoining Counties, that he expects to manufacstyles of entirely new IMPROVED PLOUGHS, ferent changes of ploughing that may be required. These Ploughs consist of sweeps, hollow and solid; also various made of steel or iron, suitable to different soils and the difsizes of Shovels, double or single turning MOULD BOARDS;

10.000 LBS. Pure White Lead; 5,000 lbs. Pure White Zinc;

Druggist & Chemist.

NEW WATER WHEEL. GREAT INVENTION. THE SUBSCRIBER takes this method of informing the The Public Finances of the Confederate Government. in said rest estate is situated, and, if there shall be more public that often make the contract of the c public, that, after many years of experience, he has succeeded in inventing a WATER WHEEL which he can

This Wheel was patented on the 29th January, 1861. It being a packed Wheel, no water can escape between the top of the Wheel and the bottom of the case, and couse

This Wheel is a reaction Wheel. It is of cast from and is A Bill to be ent tled on Act to authorize the issue of T. easuso simple in construction that any mechanic can put it in after having once seen it done. It will, with a 72 teet of water, grind from 12 to 40 bushels of Corn per hour, and is suited to any head of water from 2 feet upwards. It has only six buckets and turns out 81 square inches of water, being all that it requires for the performance of any amount

As above stated, this Wheel is patented, and I take pleasure in offering it to any person wanting a cheap, powerful and durable Water Wheel, adapted to grist mills, upright or circular saw mills, cotton gins, tactories, or any other kind of machinery in driving which water-power is used furnishing sizes of Wheels from two feet upwards, adapted to any head of water. I will furnish and put in running order a Wheel attached to any person's mill for \$75, or I will sell the right to use one for \$25. I will also sell County and Any person wishing to purchase Wheels, individual, Coun-

ty or State rights, or desiring any information will receive immediate attention by applying to or addressing James Armstrong, John O. Armstrong, James M. Armstrong, Dob binsville, Sampson county, N.C., their Agents, Messrs. Hart & Bailey, Wilmington, N.C., or the subscriber, GEORGE W. ARMSTRONG, Patentee.

For The patentee refers to the following Certificate from competent persons who have seen the operation of his This is to certify, that we, the undersigned, have seen the performance of the new Water Wheel, invented by George W. Armstrong, of Sampson county, N. C. It grinds a bushel of good meal in 3 minutes and 48 seconds, with 7 feet 5 inch-

es of water, and saves half the water with comparison of

HARDY BERRING. JOHN BARDEN. JAS. H. LAMB. DANIEL JOHNSON. R. W. TATOM.

March 28th, 1861. PAINTS ... PAINTS.

DURE WHITE LEAD ; " Snow White Zine ; " White Gloss Zinc ; NEW SASH, BLIND AND DOOR MANUFACTURY.

LOCATED AT ARGYLE, ROBESON CO , N. C., MMEDIATELY on the Wilmington, Charlotte & Ruther ford Rail Road, 84 miles from Wilmington, N. C., where Government, a war tax shall be assessed and levied of fifty the subscribers are prepared to manufacture, at the shortest notice, SASH, BLINDS, DOORS and MOULDINGS of every description. The best quality of GLASS is always kept on hand .-BLINDS painted and trimmed ready for hanging. Our lum- ted by individuals, in the purchase of bills, notes, and other

ber is all kiln-dried before it is worked up.
We respectfully solicit the patronage of the public, and trust by our endeavors to please that we shall receive a lib- or elsewhere; catt e, horses and mules; gold watches, gold Any person wishing to leave orders or obtain a list of prices, can do so by calling in Wilmington, N. C., on H. M. enumerated, of any head of a family is of value less than Bishop, at the Farmer's House, or Messrs. J. T. Petteway | five hundred dollars, such taxable property shall be exempt & Co.; or by addressing SILAS SHEETZ & CO., Gillopelis from taxation under this act; and provided further, that P. O., Robeson county, N. C.

J. A. McKOY. April 18, 1861. Admission of Missouri as a Member of the Southern

Confede ncy. The bill admitting Missouri into the Confederacy on certain conditions, was passed by Congress some days ago, but | included in the above classes and the value thereof, and the

WHEREAS. The people of the State of Missouri have been prevented, by the unconstitutional interference of the Government of the United States, from expressing their will charge the outles of his office in such amount as may be prethrough their legally constituted authorities in regard to a scribed by the Secretary of the Treasury, and shall take union with the Confederate State. of America, and are now onth faithfully to discharge the duties of his office, and to

act, That the President of the Confederate States of Amer- or in possession thereof; and in order thereto, the said tax receive and muster into the service of the Confederate | chief collector, and as ar as practicable, conformable to States, in the State of Missouri, such troops of that State as | those which may be required for the same purpose under 2 miles from the above plantation, all fenced for the purpose of a Pasture. There is about 40 acres cleared and well as the President may determine, and the dity and consented to shall be received as the list of such peradapted to Corn, Peas, Pumkins, &c. Also, there is any have power to appoint field office a for all battalions and son. quantity of OAK AND ASH WOOD handy to the river, regiments organized out of separate companies mustered in-"An act for the establishment and organization of the army | SEC. 8. Any person who shall fail to deliver to the collec-

Provisional Government of the same, upon the condition gle tax. that the said Constitution for the Provisional Government of the Confederate States shall be adopted and ratified by the and situation of the property on the first day of October Rinaldi and wite Amelia, James F. Gillespie and wife Mary C., Serah E. Cromartie, Amanda Cromartie, Miriam Mary C., Serah E. Cromartie, Emeline Cromartie, George H. Cromartie, Emeline Cromartie, Alice Cromartie

Judge of our next Court of Equity, at a term to be held for | cognize the Government of which Claiborne F Jackson is will be heard exparte as to them, and judgment pro confesso is hereby, empowered, at his discret on, at any time prior to the admission of said State as a member of the Confederacy, to perfect and proclaim an allience, offensive and de fensive, with the said government, limited to the period of the existing war between this Confederacy and the United States, the said treaty or alliance to be in force from the date thereof, and until the same shall be disaffirmed or reected by this Congress.

the President:

A bill to be entitled an act to empower the President of the Confederate States to appoint additional Commissioners to Foreign Nations. Section 1. The Congress of the Confederate States of America do enact, That the President of the Confederate States be, and he is hereby empowered to determine and lesignate to what nations the Commissioners of the Confederate States now in Europe shall be accredited, either separately or unitedly; and to prescribe the duties he may

think proper to assign to each of them. SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the President be and he is hereby empowered to appoint two other Commissioners to represent the Confederate States, either sepature and keep constantly on hand the most complete and suitable selection of the latest and most approved expedient. S.c. 3. And be it further enacted, That the additional Commissioners authorized by this act, shall receive the same

get up I we've done and broke through into hell !"

From the Richmond Fx miner. be at the court house door of the county, or parish, where-

The following highly important bill has passed Congress is authorized to appoint deputies to make such sales in his and been approved by the President The vote on its pas- name, as he cannot attend to himself; and, for all lands so

the plan of finance and revenue of the Confederate Govern- cases where the property shall not be divisible so as to enment. The full copy we are enabled to give of it will be a able the collector by a sale of part thereof to raise the whole quently all loss of power from such escape of water is matter of exceeding general interest, and each provision of the whole of such property shall be sold, and the surplus of

ry not s. and to provide a War Tax for their redemption. SECTION 1. The Congress of the Confederate States of merica do enact, ti at the Secretary of the Treasury be. and he is hereby anthorized, from time to time, as the public necessit es may require, to issue Treasury notes, payable to bearer at the expiration of six months after the ratification of a Treaty of Peace between the Confederate States and the United States; the said notes to be of any denomination not less than five dollars, and to be re-issuable at pleasure, until the same are payable; but the whole issue outstanding at one time, including the amount is ued under former Acis, shall not exceed one hundred millions of dollars; the said notes shall be receivable in payment of the war tax hereinafter provided, and of all other public dues, except the export duty on cotton, and shall also be received in payment of the subscriptions of the nett proceeds of an addition of ten per centum on the same; on the paysales of raw produce and manufactured articles.

SEC. 2 That for the purpose of funding the said notes, and for making exchange for the proceeds of the sale of raw produce and manufactured articles, or for the purchase of specie or military stores, the Secretary of the Treasury, with assent of the President, is authorized to issue bonds, poyable not more than twenty years after date, and bearg a rate of interest not exceeding eight per centum per um until they become payable, the interest to be paid ni-annually; the said bonds not to exceed in the whole hundred millions of doll ars, and to be deemed a substiute for thirty millions of the bonds authorized to be issued the act approved May 16, 1861; and this act is to be emed a revocation of the authority to issue the said thirmillions. The said bonds shall not be issued in less sums than one hundred dollars, nor in ractional parts of a hundred, except when the subscription is less than one bundred dollars, the said bonds may be issued in sums of fifty collars. They may be sold for specie, military and naval stores or for the proceeds of raw produce and manufactured articles, in the same manner as is provided by the act aforesaid; and whenever subscriptions of the same have been, or shall he made payable at a particular date, the Secretary of the Treasury shall have power to extend the time of sales until such date as he shall see fit to indicate.

SEC. 3. The holders of the said Treasury notes may, at any time, d mand in exchange for their bonds of the Confederate States, according to such regulations as may be Linseed Oil, Varnish, Patent Dryers, &c. For sale whole Secretary of the Treasury shall advertise that he will pay made by the Secretary of the Treasury. But whenever the lege of funding as to such notes shall cease, unless there shall e a failure to pay the same in specie on presentation. cents upon each one hundred dollars in value of the followall kinds; slaves; merchandise; bank stock; railroad securities for money, except the bonds of the Confederate States of America, and cash on hand, or on deposit in bank and silver plate; pianos and pleasure carriages: Provided, however, that when the taxable property, herein above the property of colleges and schools, and of charitable or religious corporations or associations actually used for the purpose for which such colleges, schools, corporations, or associations were created, shall be exempt from taxation under this act; and provid d further, that all public lands and all property owned by a s ate for public purposes be exempt from taxation.

was not returned until yesterday afternoon by the President. person chargeable with the tax, each State shall constitute The following is a copy of the bill. It passed unanimously:

A Bill to gid the State of Missouri in repelling invasion by the United States, and to authorize the admission of said State into a convenient number of collection districts, subject to the exist of the Secretary of the Treasury. The said collector shall be appointed by the President, and shall uestions affecting their liberties: now, therefore able property in his district, included in each of the above mentioned classes of property and the persons then owing

footing with the other States under the Constitution for the | and by the same process as is herein provided as to the sin-

properly and legally constituted authorities of the said next, and shall be made out, completed and delivered into States, and the Governor of said State shall transmit to the the hands of each of the tax collectors on the first day of and wife Margaret Ann, William H. White, Benjamin F. President of the Confederate States an authentic copy of the | December next; and upon the receipt there i, each tax col-Rinaldi and wife Amelia, James F. Gillespie and wife proceedings touching said adoption and ratification by said lector may, for twenty-one days next ensuing the said first tate owned by the corporation and used for carrying on its departure for the post to which he was ordered. Another

paper, if any be published in his district, and by notifica- to be assessed.

made shall be valid, whether the real estate so sold shall be It will be seen that the bil constitutes the who'e basis of a-sessed in the name of the true owner or not. But in all amount of the tax, with all costs, charges and commissions, the proceeds of the sale, after satisfying the tax, costs, charges and commissions, shall be paid to the owner of the property or his legal representatives, or, if he or they cannot be found, or refuse to receive the same, then such surthe bill will no doubt, be auxiously scanned by the people | the proceeds of the sale, after satisfying the tax, costs, not be found, or refuse to receive the same, then such surplus shall be deposited in the Treasury of the Confederate States, to be there held for the use of the owner or his legal representatives, until he or they shall make application therefor to the Fecretary of the Treasury, who, upon such the Treasury to notify the same to the several tax coluctors application, shall, by warrant on the Treasury, cause the such State, and, thereupon, their authority and duty moder this same to be paid to the applicant. And if the property act shall cease, offered for sale as aforesaid, cannot be sold for the amount of the tax due thereon, with the said additional twenty per centum thereto, the collector shall purchase the same in behalf of the Confiderate States for the amount aforesaid: Provided, that the owner or superintendent of the property aforesaid, before the same shall have been actuall; sold shall be allowed to pay the amount of the tax thereon, with ment of which the sale of the said property shall not take place: Provided, also, that the ewners, their heirs, executors or admir istrators, or any person on their behalf, shall have liberty to redeem any lands and other real property sold as afore-aid, within two years from the time of sale, upon payment to the collector for the use of the purchaser, his heirs or assignees of the amount paid by such purchaser, with interest for the same at the rate of twenty per centum per annum, and no deed shall be given in pursuance of such sale until the time of redemption shall have expired: Provided further, that when the owner of any land or other real property sold for taxes under the provisions of this act shall be in the military service of the Confederate States, before and at the time said sale shall have been made, the said owner shall have the privilege of redeeming the said property at any time within two years after the close of his term of service. And the collector shall render a distinct account of the charges incurred in offering and advertising for sale such property, and shall pay into the treasury the surples, if any there be, of the aforesaid addition of twenty per centum or ten per centum as the case may be, after defraying the charges. And in every case of the sale of real estate, which shall be made

under the authority of this act for the assessment and col-

lecting of direct taxes by the collectors or marshals, res-

other person or persons the deeds for the estate so sold

shall be prepared, made, executed and proved or acknowl-

than one county or parish in a district, the said tax collector

ready paid, in such form of law as shall be authorized and required by the laws of the Confederate States, or by the law of the State in which such real estate lies, for making, executing, proving and acknowledging deeds of bargain and sale or other conveyances for the transfer and c nveyance of real estate, and for every deed so prepared, made, executed, proved and acknowledged, the purchaser or grantee shall pay to the collector the sum of five dollars for the use of the collector, marshall or other person effecting the sale of the real estate thereby conveyed. The commissions hereinafter allowed to each collector shall be in full satisfaction of all services rendered by them. The assessors appointed under them shall be entitled to three dollars for every day employed in making lists and assessments under this act, the number of days being certified by the collector and approved by the chief collector of the State, and also five dollars for every hundred taxable persons contained in the lists as completed by him and delivered to the collector: Provided, that when the owner of any real estate is unknown, or is a non-resident of the State or tax district wherein the same is situated, and has no agent resident in said district, the assessor shall himself make out a list of such real estate for assessment. SEC. 13. Separate accounts shall be kept at the Treasury SEC. 5. That for the purpose of ascertaining all property of all moneys received from each of the respective States. and the chief collector shall procure from each tax collec-

> and so as to provide full information as to each subject of SEC. 14 Each collector shall be charged with an interest of five per cent. per month for all moneys retained in his possession beyond the time at which he is required to pay over the same by law, or by the regulations established by the Secretary of the Treasury. SEC. 15. Each collector, before entering upon the duties of his office, shall give bond in such sum as shall be prescribed by the recretary of the Treasury with sufficient sureties, and shall take an oath faithfully to execute the duties of his office, and that he shall support and defend the

tor such details as to the tax, and shall classify the same in

such manner as the recretary of the Treasury shall direct,

Constitution of the Confederate States. shall be forwarded to the chief collector of that State. The money collected during each month, or during any shorter direction of the Secret ry of the Treasury; and the said chief collector shall report the same immediately to the Sewhich shall have been forwarded to him as aforesaid by the

Sec. 17. The taxes assessed on each person shall be a statutory lien for one year upon all the property of that person in preference to any other lien; the said lieu to take date from the first day of October, to which the valuation obtain their intelligence? has relation, and the lands and other property of any collector shall be bound by statutory lien for five years for all the traitors of Northwestern Virginia. To discover noneys received by him for taxes; the date of such lien to commence from the time of his receiving the money. SEC. 18. The compensation of the tax collectors shall be two and a hal per cent. on all sums beyond that amount, antil the compensation shall reach eight hundred dollars, beyond which no farther compensation shall be paid.

SEC. 19. The Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to stablish regulations soltable and proper to carry this act of the Confederate States of America," approved 6th of tor or assessor a list of his taxable property at the time The said Secretary may also frame instructions as to all de-Harch, 1861.

SEC. 2. That the State of Missouri shall be admitted a his taxable property; the same to be assessed by the col- within the provisions of this act. He may also correct all member of the Confederate States of America upon an equal lector or assessor, and to be collected in the same manner errors in assessments, valuations and tax lists, or in the collected in the same manner errors in assessments, valuations and tax lists, or in the collected in the same manner errors in assessments, valuations and tax lists, or in the collected in the same manner errors in assessments, valuations and tax lists, or in the collected in the same manner errors in assessments.

capital stock of any corporation is r turned by the corpora tion it elf and the tax paid, the stock in the hands of indihief collector shall collate the same in proper form and all such animals as raised for sale, and not such as are raised army list of the Confederate States, found in a late forward the collated lists to the Secretary of the Treasury. merely for tood and work on the plantation or farm where Northern newspaper, and republished in our issue on SEC. 11. The said several collectors shall, on the first day they are held. The term "real estate" is intended to inof May next, proceed to collect from every person liable | clude all lands and estates therein and all interests growing for the said tax the amounts severally due and owing, and thereout, including ferries, bridges, mines and the like, and ted, and errors, in the statement of the localities in he shall previously give notice for twenty days in one news- in all cases the actual marketable value of the property is which some officers and troops are now placed, may be

tions in at least four public places in each township, ward | SEC 21. If any person shall, at any time during the exis- whether the War Department could furnish a catalogue or precinct within his district, of the time and place at tence of the present war between the Confederate States which he will receive the said tax; and on failure to pay the and the Un ted States, or wit in one year after the ratificasame, it shall be the duly of the collector, within twenty tion of a treaty of peace between them, falsely make, forge days after the first day of May aforesaid, by himself or his or counterfeit, or cause or procure to be falsely made deputies, to collect the said tax by distress and sale of the forged or counterfeited, or willingly aid or assist in falsely OUR FOREIGN MISSIONS.—The following bill has been goods, chattels or effects of the persons delinquent. And making, torging or counterfeiting any note in imitation of passed by Congress in secret session and approved by in case of such distress it shall be the duty of the officer or purporting to be a treasury note of the Confederate charged with the collection to make, or cause to be made, States; or shall falsely alter, or cause or procure to be falsean account of the goods or chattels which may be distrain- ly altered, or willingly aid or assist in falsely altering any either they bold official position or are intimately coned, a copy of which, signed by the officer making such dis- treasury note of the Confederate States; or shall pass, utter nected with those who do. tress, shall be left with the owner or possessor of such or publish, or attempt to pass, utter or publish, as true, any goods, chattels or effects, or at his or her dwelling, with a false, forged or counterfeited note purporting to be a treas-note of the sum demanded, and the time and place of sale; ury note of the Confederate States, knowing the same to be and the said officer shall forthwith cause a notification to be falsely orged or counterfeited; or shall pass, utter or pubpublicly advertised or posted up at two public places near- lish, or attempt to pass, utter or publish, as true, any false- other Yankees, or by adventures of no matter what est to the residence of the person whose property shall be ly altered treasury note of the Confederate State, knowing origin and antecedents? When a Submissionist from distrained, or at the court house of the same county, if not the same to be falsely altered; or shall conspire or attempt New Jersey, on the instance of a native of Massachumore than ten miles distant, which notice shall specify the articles distrained and the time and place proposed for the sale thereof, which time shall not be less than ten days from the conspire with another to pass, utter or publish, as true, any falsely forged or counterfeited, or any falsely altered setts, himself already provided with military position, sale thereof, which time shall not be less than ten days from treasury note of the Confederate States, knowing the same gets an office in the Ordinance Department, and when the date of such notification, and the place proposed for the sale not more than five miles distant from the place of making such distress: Provided, that in any case of distress for the payment of the taxes aforesaid, the goods, chattels for the payment of the taxes aforesaid, the goods, chattels

Ploughs consist of sweeps, hollow and solid; also various sizes of Shovels, double or single turning MOULD BOARDS; sizes of Shovels, double or single turning MOULD BOARDS; and subsoil PLOUGHS. All of these plough hoes are used upon three stocks, which may be changed by means of botta upon three stocks, wh PAINTS AND OILS.

Description of the control of the

TERMS OF ADVERTISING. One square, 1 insertion, ..... charged 374 cents per square for each insertion after the first No advertisement, reflecting upon private character, can, under ANY CIRCUMSTANCES, be admitted.

possession any metalic plate engraved after the similitude of any plate from which any notes or bonds issued as aforesaid shall have been printed, with intent to use such plate or cause or suffer the same to be used in forging or counterfeiting any of the notes or bonds issued as aforesaid; or shall have in his custody or possession any blank note or notes, bond or bonds engraved and pride after the similitude of any note or bonds issued as aforesaid, with intent to use such blanks, or cause, or suffer the same to be used in forging or counterfeiting any of the notes or bonds issued as aforesaid, or shall have in his custody or possession any paper adapted to the making of notes or bonds, and, similar to the paper upon which any such notes or bonds shall have been issued, with intent to use such paper, or cause or suffer the same to be used, in forging or counterfeiting any of the notes or bonds issued as aforesaid; every such person being thereof lawfully convicted by due course of law, shall possession any metalic plate engraved after the similitude of SEC. 24. If any State shall, on or before the first day of April next, pay in the Treasury notes of the Confederate States, or in specie, the taxes assessed against the citizens of such State, less ten per centum thereon, it shall be the duty of the Secretary of

SEC. 25. If any person shall, at any time, after one year from the ratification of a treaty of peace between the Confederate States and the Uni ted States, commit any of the acts described States and the United States, committany of the acts described in the twenty-first section of this act, such person shall be deemed and adjudged guilty of felony, and being thereof convicted by due course of law, shall be sentenced to be imprisoned and kept at hard labor, for a period of not less than five years, nor more than ten years, and be fined in a sum not exceeding

The New York Herald Sounds an Alarm. There is a prespect of renewed complications with Great Britain. In the House of Commons, on the 29th of July, Mr. Gregory, who may be considered the agent of the rebels in the British Parliament, asked whether the Government had received any information to the effect that goods contraband of war, including a battery of artillery, had been conveyed from Liverpool to New York in the steamer Kangaroo, and that a loan for the United States Government had been opened up in the Stock Exchange? If so, was this in accordance with British principles of non-intervention? The reply of Lord Palmerston was distinguished by a studied ambiguity, which, however, is capable of a somewhat definite interpretation. He said that he was not personally cognizant of the matters referred to, but that, should they arise, they would of course be dealt with by the Government. There would be less doubt of the exact meaning of the words of Lord Palmerston's reply if the goods con-traband of war had not been associated with the loan in the question asked by Mr. Gregory. But, notwithstanding, it is obvious that he meant as soon as the loan was opened on the London Stock Exchange the Government would interfere to prevent its negotiation, as an infrirgement of British neutrality. Were it not so, the reply would have

been couched in very different terms. pectively, or their lawful deputies, respectively, or by any This, therefore, plainly shows the real sentiments of the British Government towards this country. When we warnshall be prepared, made, executed and proved or acknowledged at the time and times prescribed in this act by the collectors respectively within whose collection district to the United States, and of her desire to promote the cause collectors respectively, within whose collection district such real estate shall be situated, or, in case of their death of the rebels, and even elevate the insurgent States to the district of the rebels, and even elevate the insurgent States to the district of the rebels, and of her desire to promote the cause of the rebels, and even elevate the insurgent States to the or removal from office, by their successors, on payment of dignity of an independent nationality, we were assailed by the purchase money, or producing receipt therefor, if al- nearly the whole press of England for what was said to be our wilful misrepresentation of a friendly Government .-Does not this one act alone show that we were right in our estimate of the character of the British Cabinet? Even the newspapers that formerly veiled their own and the Government hostility to us now come out boldly and proclaim it .-Not the slightest encouragement, we are told by our London journal, should be given to the negotiation of an American oan in that market, and although endeavors may be made to raise the money, it is not believed they will be success ful. We trust that the British public will offer no encouragement, even to the most speculative money broker, to embark in such an enterprise, says another journal, and the most decided ill will is manifested in the matter. If this is triendship, what is hostility? Hitherto the London money market has been opened to all the world-to establish alike with revolutionary governments-and the negotiation of loans has proceeded without restriction. But now when the great republic of the New World steps in, the doors are insultingly shut in our faces. Thus it is that every link in the chain of events connected with this war demonstrates the necessity there is for the Government subduing this rebellion with a strong arm, and restoring the country to peace as soon as possible. Not only do the results of our battles, but our relations with foreign powers teach us this. Every week our affairs abroad are becoming more complicated and critical, and unless we see more energy and determination on the part of the Administration, matters will soon arrive at such a crisis that we shall not only have to fight the rebels, but the allied fleets of England and France.

How and why is it that every military movement in Virginia is known to the Southern public almost as soon as to the War Department itself, by their republication in the Richmond journals from the Washington correspondents of the Northern newspapers? The Richmond Examiner, for instance, has abstained from presenting any original information whatever relative to the movements or intentions of the Southern army; preferring to risk its own credit for news to the chance SEC. 16. Upon receiving the tax due by each person the collector shall sign receipts in duplicate, one whereof shall detrimental to the public welfare. But, as its readers e delivered to the person paying the same, and the other are well aware, by some exertion to obtain the early sheets of the Northern press, it has been able to give period which may be designated by the Secretary of the them summaries of intelligence relative to the war in ressury, shall be also immediately forwarded to the said | general, and specially that part of it which is transacted chief collector, and by him be disposed of according to the in Virginia, sufficiently fresh to answer all the purposes of a newspaper. How the Northern journals obtain cretary of the Treasury, and shall furnish him with a list their ample and speedy information of facts ignored specifying the names and amounts of each of the receipts | with so much caution and forbearance by the Southern presses, is a question of public importance. Of course they get it from their correspondents at Washington, who have it in their turn from their friends in the Government of Lincoln. But where does that Government

They get it from their spies at Richmond, through these wretches is the desire, not only of the Administration, but of every good citizen, and the intent of these five per cent, on the first ten thousand dollars received and remarks is to invite attention to the fact, that those who desire to discover the informants of the usurpation, should look high and not low, at the top and not at the bottom of society, to find them.

It can scarcely have escaped observation that the suminto effect; which regulations shall be binding on all officers | maries extracted from the enemy's journals contain circumstantial statements of things, that might reasonably tertion thereof, in such form and upon such evidence as the tainly not even whispered in this community till their publication at the Norta make them common to the SEC 20. Corporations are intended to be embraced under | whole world. For examples, the appointment of General he word "persons" used in this act; and whenever the Lee to command in Western Virginia was unknown even, to any one out of the Departments, till the New York viduals shall be exempt from tax; and also all the real es. papers published, not only his appointment, but his actual istration themselves. A third and yet more striking ilthis day. Although some names may be wrongly prindiscovered by swict examination, it is very doubtful more complete, or a fuller exhibit of our whole military arrangements.

Information of this sort could never be obtained by outsiders or from talkers at the street corners. It is an irresistible conclusion that the Government of Lincoln has agents here of an entirely different order, and that

And what else can the Confederate Government expect when it permits the clerkships of its departments to be filled with Yankees, on the recommendations of and employed in the Qartermaster's Department, when or effects so distrained shall and may be restored to the owner or possessor, if, prior to the sale thereof, payment or
tender thereof shall be made to the proper officer charged
with the collection of the full amount demanded, together
with such fee for levying and such sum for the necessary
implication of or purporting to be a bond or coupon of the citizens of Obio and Indiana are thrust forward as the